

These are some of the American Hunting Conservationists that make it happen.



www.hucan.org



www.wildsheep.org



www.moosefoundation.org



www.rmef.org



www.wildturkey.org



www.QDMA.org



www.ducks.org



Hunters are America's Leading Conservationists...

The purpose and objective of the Foundation are to provide and enhance existing populations of migratory wild sheep on the North American continent, to safeguard against the decline or extinction of such species, and to fund programs for antelope management of these populations, while keeping all administrative costs to a minimum.

The North American Pronghorn Foundation is a nonprofit organization devoted to preserving, conserving and enhancing wild, free-ranging pronghorns, antelope populations, and the ecosystems they depend on by providing financial assistance for research, public education, inter-agency cooperation, habitat development, sound management practices and issue advocacy through proactive legislative policy.

The North American Moose Foundation seeks to promote the species, educate the public, award grants, organize shared habitat planning projects, coordinate habitat and promote hunting and viewing of moose.

The mission of the Rocky Mountain Elk Foundation is to ensure the future of the elk, other wildlife and their habitat. With more than 143,000 members, the Elk Foundation has funded more than 3,000 conservation and education projects across 47 states and eight Canadian provinces, protecting 1,000,000 acres of habitat for elk and other wildlife.

In 1977 when the National Wild Turkey Federation was founded, there were an estimated 1.3 million wild turkeys and 1.5 billion turkey farms. Thanks to the work of wildlife agencies and the NWTF, many wild turkey populations today range from 6.4 million wild turkeys and 2.3 billion turkey farms. The NWTF is a nonprofit member organization, nonprofit organization with members in 30 states and 12 foreign countries.

The mission of the Quality Deer Management Association is to promote sustainable, ethical, wildlife-related deer populations, wildlife habitats and ethical hunting experiences through education, research and management in partnership with hunters, landowners, wildlife resource professionals and the public. Founded in 1984, the QDMA has more than 10,000 members, including over 700 wildlife professionals. Through the Quality Deer and Wildlife Management Association, the QDMA's efforts have resulted in improved deer management practices on millions of acres of private and public lands.

The mission of Ducks Unlimited is to kill the annual rice bank of North America watershed by providing, enhancing, restoring and managing riparian wetlands and associated habitats. Since its inception, DU has spent more than \$1.6 billion to conserve over 1.4 million acres of critical wildlife habitat in all 51 states, each of the Canadian provinces and in key areas of Mexico.

AMERICA'S ABUNDANT GAME



NORTH AMERICAN WILD SHEEP

Caribou, Stone, Desert and Rocky Mountain Bighorn are America's four wild sheep. The Foundation for North American Wild Sheep has led the effort to put more sheep on the mountains and to keep them there.

1900 - < 10,000
2001 - 230,000



BLACK BEAR

North America has the most successful bear restoration program in the world. Its bear population is larger, its management is more widely based by America's sportsmen and women. Black bears are animals with both some needs for meat and fat, more for eating. They are strong, hardy and very flexible. Our conservation programs and other status of bear. They tolerate it winter when melted snow.

1900 - Unknown
2001 - 1 Million



PRONGHORN ANTELOPE

Antelope are the only four-legged animal that sheds horns, which are different from antlers. It is the fastest animal in America - 60 mph.

1910 - < 15,000
2001 - 1 Million



NORTH AMERICAN MOOSE

Moose are huge. They are the largest member of the deer family. Like all deer, moose moult their antlers each year. Moose are still an important food source to families living in the northern states and Canada where moose range.

1937 - < 14,000
2001 - 1.2 Million



ROCKY MOUNTAIN ELK

The Rocky Mountain Elk is part of the deer family, which sheds their antlers annually. The bull has in early fall and fore "barrens" of cows. A bull elk's "bugle" sounds like a whistle or hoot sound.

1901 - < 41,000
2001 - 1.2 Million



WILD TURKEY

Wild Turkeys fly and roost in flocks. They are noted for their ever-eyesight and alert behavior. For sheer excitement and challenge, consider hunting a wild turkey. Wild Turkey is one of North America's best hunting experiences.

1890's - < 30,000
2001 - 6.4 Million



WHITE-TAILED DEER

White-Tailed Deer are the most popular game animal to hunt in North America. Bucks shed their antlers (and horns) each year and grow a new set. Does normally have two fawns annually.

1900 - < 500,000
2001 - 36 Million



DUCKS

Hunter groups help of waterfowl, including mallard ducks (known by protecting wetland and nesting areas, break nesting, mark and other predators on their flock, they eat more than half of the eggs and young birds produced by nesting waterfowl. The whole of wings and spring-birds loss of great quack to the soul of generations after generation of hunters.

1985 - < 55 Million
2001 - 105 Million

Hunters and Anglers contribute more for ALL wildlife conservation than all others combined.



www.wildsheep.org



Chancellor International Wildlife Fund



www.moosefoundation.org



www.rockymountainelk.org



www.wildturkey.org/turkey



www.qdma.org



www.ducks.org



www.conservaforce.org